Dual Display, PID Control Temperature Controller

Features

- Realizes ideal temp. controlling with newly developed PID control algorithm and 100ms high speed sampling
- Built-in relay output or SSR drive output selectable : Enables to phase control and cycle control with SSR drive output (SSRP function)
- Dramatically increased visibility using wide display part
- Enhanced convenience of wiring and maintenance by connector plug type (TCN4S--P)
- Mounting space saving with compact design : Approx. 38% reduced size compared with existing model (depth-based)



Please read "Caution for your safety" in operation manual before using.



	Ordering Information										
ГС	N	4	s –	2	2	4	R	_	Р		
			Г	П				_	Wiring method	No-mark	Bolt wiring method
										Р	Connector plug connection method ^{x1}
							C	ontrol	output	R	Relay contact output+SSR drive output ^{*2}
						Pow	er s	upply	,	2	24VAC 50/60Hz, 24-48VDC
								_		4	100-240VAC 50/60Hz
				L	Auxil	iary o	utpu	ut		2	Alarm1+Alarm2 output
										S	DIN W48×H48mm
			Size							M	DIN W72×H72mm
										Н	DIN W48×H96mm
		D								L	DIN W96×H96mm
		Digit						4	9999 (4-digit)		
	Settin	g type								CN	Dual display type, set by touch switch
Item				-T	Temperature controller						

*1: Only for TCN4S model.

*2: In case of the AC voltage model, SSR drive output method (standard ON/OFF control, cycle control, phase control) is available to select.

■ Specifications

Series		TCN4S	TCN4M	TCN4H	TCN4L				
Power	AC power	100-240VAC~ 50/6	60Hz	·	'				
supply	AC/DC power	24VAC~ 50/60Hz,	24-48VDC==						
Allowable volta	age range	90 to 110% of rated	l voltage						
Power	AC power	Max. 5VA (100-240	VAC 50/60Hz)						
consumption	AC/DC power	Max. 5VA (24VAC 5	50/60Hz), max. 3W (24-48\	/DC)					
Display metho	od	7-segment (PV: red	l, SV: green), Other display	(green, red) LED					
Character	PV (W×H)	7.0×15.0mm	9.5×20.0mm	7.0×14.6mm	11.0×22.0mm				
size	SV (W×H)	5.0×9.5mm	7.5×15.0mm	6.0×12.0mm	7.0×14.0mm				
Input type	RTD	DPt100Ω, Cu50Ω (DPt100Ω, Cu50Ω (allowable line resistance max. $5Ω$ per a wire)						
input type	Thermocouple	K(CA), J(IC), L(IC), T(CC), R(PR), S(PR)							
Display	RTD	• At room temperature (23°C ±5°C): (PV ±0.5% or ±1°C, select the higher one) ±1-digit							
accuracy ^{*1}	Thermocouple		• Out of room temperature range: (PV ±0.5% or ±2°C, select the higher one) ±1-digit For TCN4S-⊡-P, add ±1°C by accuracy standard.						
Control	Relay	250VAC~ 3A, 30VDC== 3A, 1a							
output	SSR	12VDC== ±2V 20m	A Max.						
Alarm output		AL1, AL2 Relay output: 250VAC 1A 1a							
Control metho	d	ON/OFF control, P. PI, PD, PID control							
Hysteresis		1 to 100°C/°F (0.1 to 50.0°C/°F) variable							
Proportional b	and (P)	0.1 to 999.9□/□							
Integral time (I)		0 to 9999 sec							
Derivative time (D)		0 to 9999 sec							
Control period (T)		0.5 to 120.0 sec							
Manual reset		0.0 to 100.0%							
Sampling period		100ms							

- X1: ⊚ At room temperature (23°C ±5°C)

 Thermocouple R (PR), S (PR), below 200°C: (PV ±0.5% or ±3°C, select the higher one) ±1-digit

 Thermocouple R (PR), S (PR), over 200°C: (PV ±0.5% or ±2°C, select the higher one) ±1-digit

 Thermocouple L (IC), RTD Cu50Ω: (PV ±0.5% or ±2°C, select the higher one) ±1-digit

 ⊚ Out of room temperature range

 Thermocouple R (PR), S (PR), below 200°C: (PV ±1.0% or ±6°C, select the higher one) ±1-digit

 Thermocouple R (PR), S (PR), over 200°C: (PV ±0.5% or ±5°C, select the higher one ±1-digit

 Thermocouple L (IC), RTD Cu50Ω: (PV ±0.5% or ±3°C, select the higher one) ±1-digit

 For TCN4S-□-P, add ±1°C by accuracy standard.

(A) Photoelectric Sensors

(C) Door/Area Sensors

(D) Proximity Sensors

(F) Rotary Encoder

(I) SSRs / Power Controllers

(M) Tacho / Speed / Pulse Meters

(N) Display Units

(O) Sensor Controllers

(P) Switching Mode Power Supplies

(Q) Stepper Motors

(R) Graphic/ Logic Panels

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Specifications

Series		TCN4S	TCN4M	TCN4H	TCN4L			
Dielectric	AC Power	2,000VAC 50/60Hz for 1 min (between input terminal and power terminal)						
strength	AC/DC power	1,000VAC 50/60Hz for 1 m	nin (between input terminal	and power terminal)				
Vibration		0.75mm amplitude at frequ	ency of 5 to 55Hz in each	X, Y, Z direction for 2 hours				
Relay	Mechanical	OUT: over 5,000,000 times	s, AL1/2: Over 5,000,000 tir	nes				
life cycle	Electrical	OUT: over 200,000 times (AL1/2: over 300,000 times	OUT: over 200,000 times (250VAC 3A resistive load) AL1/2: over 300,000 times (250VAC 1A resistive load)					
Insulation	resistance	Over 100MΩ (at 500VDC megger)						
Noise imn	nunity	±2kV R-phase, S-phase the square wave noise (pulse width: 1us) by the noise simulator						
Memory r	etention	Approx. 10 years (when using non-volatile semiconductor memory type)						
Environ-	Ambient temperature	-10 to 50°C, storage: -20 to 60°C						
ment	Ambient humidity	35 to 85%RH, storage: 35 to 85%RH						
Insulation type		Double insulation or reinforced insulation (mark: □, dielectric strength between the measuring input part and the power part: AC power 2kV, AC/DC Power 1kV)						
Approval		(€ c 93 0 us						
		Approx. 147g (approx. 100g)	Approx. 203g (approx. 133g)	Approx. 194g (approx. 124g)	Approx. 275g (approx. 179g)			

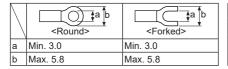
X2: The weight includes packaging. The weight in parenthesis is for unit only.

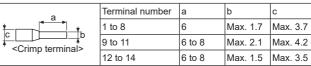
Connections

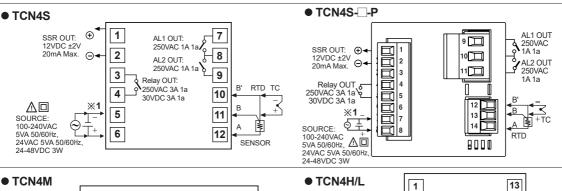
XTCN4 Series has selectable control output; Relay output, and SSR drive output. AC/DC voltage type does not have SSRP function.

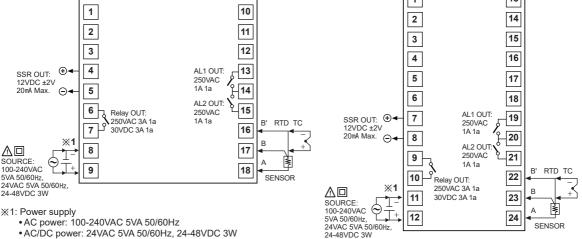
*Use crimp terminals or teminals of size specified below.

(unit: mm)



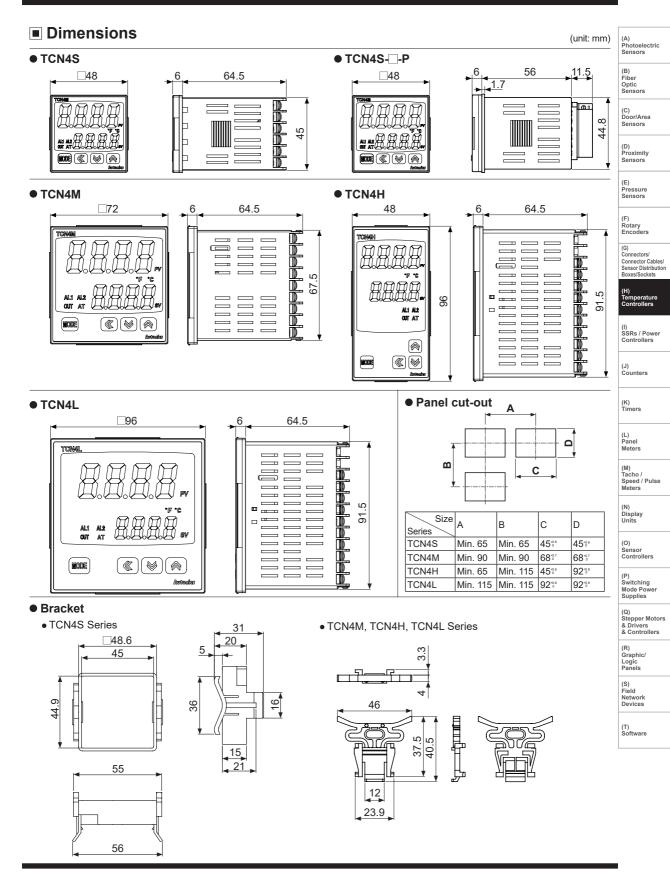






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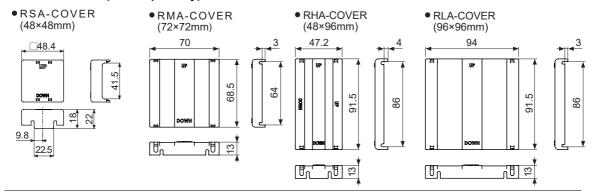
^{*}Environment resistance is rated at no freezing or condensation.



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■ Dimensions (unit: mm)

Terminal cover (sold separately)



Unit Description



1. Present temperature (PV) display (red)

- RUN mode: Present temperature (PV) display.
- · Parameter setting mode: Parameter display.

2. Set temperature (SV) display (green)

- RUN mode: Set temperature (SV) display.
- Parameter setting mode: Parameter setting value display.

3. Control/Alarm output display indicator

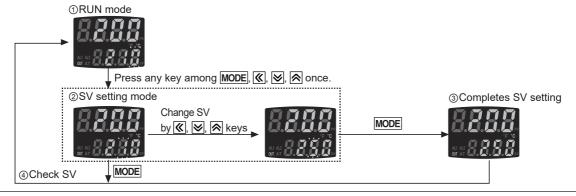
- OUT: It turns ON when the control output is ON.
 - X During SSR drive output type in CYCLE/PHASE control, this indicator turns ON when MV is over 3.0%. (only AC voltage type)
- AL1/AL2: It turns ON when the alarm output is ON.
- 4. Auto tuning indicator: AT indicator flashes by every 1 sec during operating auto tuning.
- 5. MODE key: Used when entering into parameter setting group, returning to RUN mode, moving parameter, and saving setting values.
- 6. Adjustment: Used when entering into set value change mode, digit moving and digit up/down.
- 7. Digital input key: Press ☑ + ☒ keys for 3 sec to operate the set function (RUN/STOP, alarm output reset, auto tuning) in digital input key [d! 년].
- 8. Temperature unit (°C/°F) indicator: It shows current temperature unit.

SV Setting

You can set the temperature to control with MODE, (<), ⋈, ⋈, keys.

Setting range is within SV lower limit value [L - 5 \(\mu \)] to SV higher limit value [H - 5 \(\mu \)].

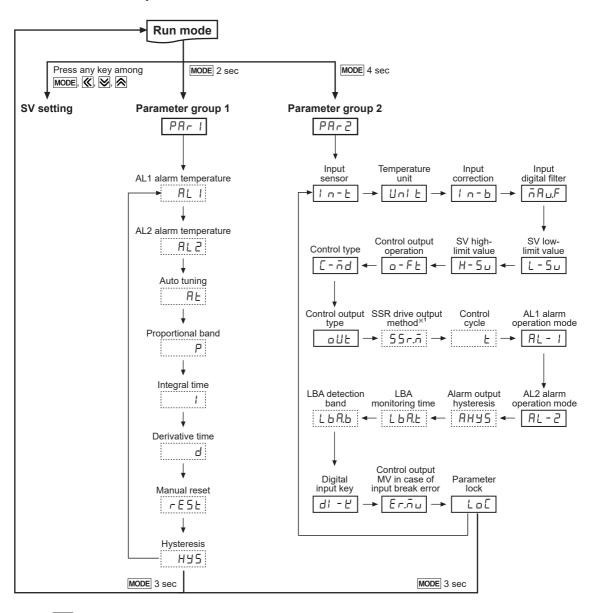
E.g.) In case of changing set temperature from 210°C to 250°C



Parameter Reset

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■ Parameter Group



※Press MODE key over 3 sec in any setting group, it saves the set value and returns to RUN mode. (Press MODE key once in SV setting, it returns to RUN mode).

XIf no key entered for 30 sec, it returns to RUN mode automatically and the set value of parameter is not be saved.

**Press MODE key again within 1 sec after returning to RUN mode, it advances of the first parameter of previous setting group.

XPress MODE key to move next parameter.

X[____] This parameter might not be displayed depending on other parameter settings.

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imes1: It is not displayed for AC/DC power model (TCN4 \square -22R).

(A) Photoelectric Sensors

(B) Fiber Optic

(C) Door/Area Sensors

(D) Proximity Sensors

(E) Pressure

> (F) Rotary Encoders

(G) Connectors/ Connector Cables/ Sensor Distribution Boxes/Sockets

(H) Temperature Controllers

(I) SSRs / Power Controllers

(J) Counters

K) Timers

(L) Panel Meters

(M) Tacho / Speed / Pulse Meters

(N) Display Units

(O) Sensor Controllers

(P) Switching Mode Power Supplies

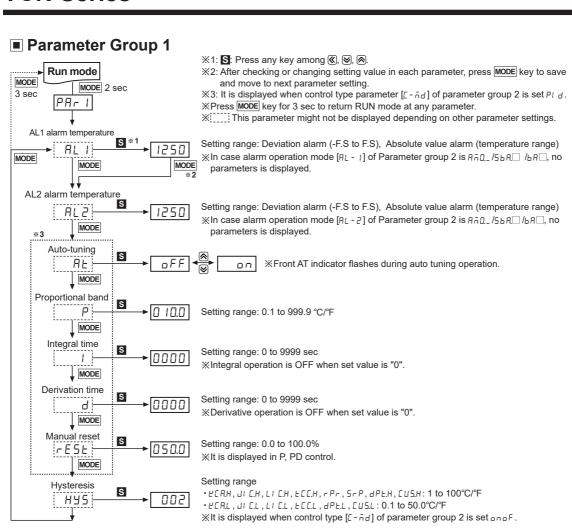
(Q) Stepper Motors & Drivers & Controllers

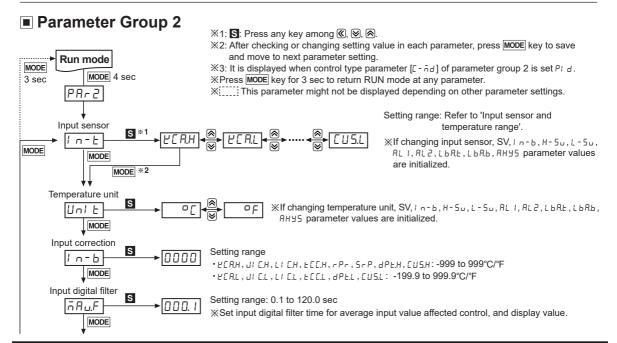
(R) Graphic/ Logic Panels

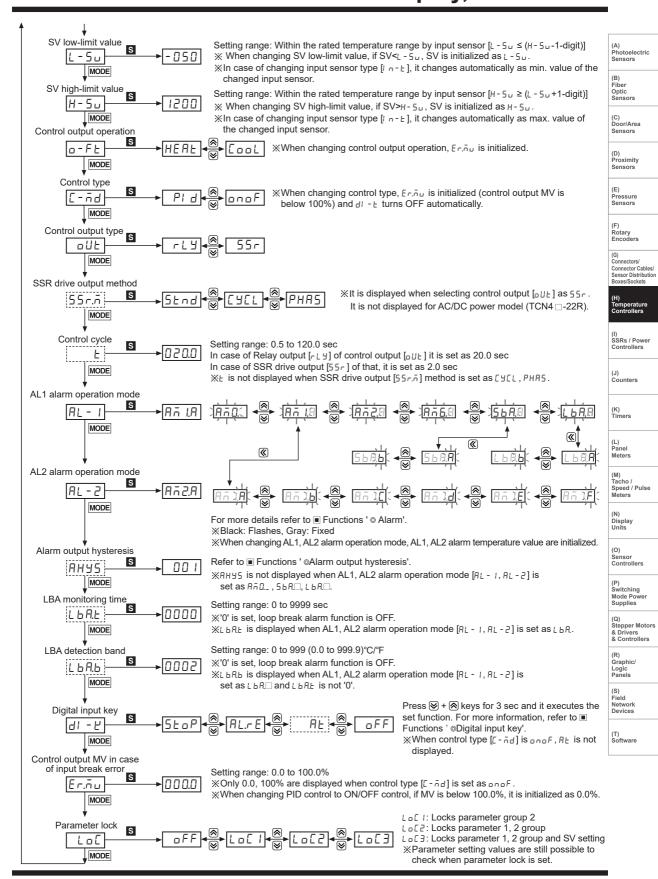
> S) Field letwork Devices

> T) Software

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■ Input Sensor and Temperature Range

Input sensor		Display	Temperature range (°C)	Temperature range (°F)
	K(CA)	LC U'H	-50 to 1200	-58 to 2192
	K(CA)	LC UT	-50.0 to 999.9	-58.0 to 999.9
	1/10)	JI C.H	-30 to 800	-22 to 1472
	J(IC)	JI C.L	-30.0 to 800.0	-22.0 to 999.9
Thermeesinle	1 (10)	LI C.H	-40 to 800	-40 to 1472
Thermocouple	L(IC)	LI E.L	-40.0 to 800.0	-40 to 999.9
	T(00)	E C C.H	-50 to 400	-58 to 752
	T(CC)	F C C.L	-50.0 to 400.0	-58.0 to 752.0
	R(PR)	r Pr	0 to 1700	32 to 3092
	S(PR)	5 Pr	0 to 1700	32 to 3092
	DD+1000	dPt.H	-100 to 400	-148 to 752
RTD	DPt100Ω	dPt.L	-100.0 to 400.0	-148.0 to 752.0
	CHEOO	C U S.H	-50 to 200	-58 to 392
	Cu50Ω	C U S.L	-50.0 to 200.0	-58.0 to 392.0

■ Factory Default

SV setting

Parameter	Factory default
	۵

• Parameter group 1

Parameter	Factory default						
AL I	1250	AF	oFF	1	0000	r E S Ł	050.0
AL 2	1250	Р	0 10.0	В	0000	H95	002

• Parameter group 2

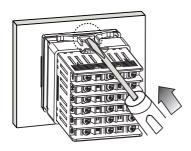
Parameter	Factory default						
In-E	F.C. W.H	H-5u	1500	Ł	0.050	L 6 A.6	0002
Uni E	٥.	o-FŁ	HEAL	AL-I	Aŭi.A	91 - F	5toP
In-b	0000	[-ñd	PI d	LA-5	A 7.2.A	Er.ñu	0 0 0.0
ñ R u.F	000.1	oUŁ	rLY	RHY5	001	LoC	oFF
L-5u	-050	55r.ñ	5tnd	L b A.E	0000		

^{*}The AC/DC voltage models do not have SSR drive output method [55-.ā]. In case of control output [allb], if set as 55-, it supports only ON/OFF output.

Other Series

Mounting

● TCN4S (48×48mm) Series



 Mount the product on the panel, fasten bracket by pushing with tools as shown above.

Functions

operation option

Set both alarm operation and alarm option by combining. Alarm outputs are two and each one operates individually. When the current temperature is out of alarm range, alarm clears automatically. If alarm option is alarm latch or alarm latch and standby sequence 1/2, press digital input key(☑+♠ 3 sec, digital input key[dl - L] of parameter group 2 set as AL. - E), or turn OFF the power and turn ON to clear alarm.

Alarm operation

Mode	Name	Alarm operation	Description
A i O	_	_	No alarm output
Añ I.□	Deviation high-limit alarm	OFF	If deviation between PV and SV as high-limit is higher than set value of deviation temperature, the alarm output will be ON.
A ¥ 5.□	Deviation low-limit alarm	ON H OFF ON HOFF ON HOFF SV 90°C 100°C Lower deviation: Set as 10°C ON HOFF SV PV 100°C 110°C Lower deviation: Set as -10°C	If deviation between PV and SV as low-limit is higher than set value of deviation temperature, the alarm output will be ON.
A ē 3.□	Deviation high/low-limit alarm	ON H OFF H ON ON SV PV 90°C 100°C 110°C High/Lower deviation: Set as 10°C	If deviation between PV and SV as high/low-limit is higher than set value of deviation temperature, the alarm output will be ON.
₽ñЧ.□	Deviation high/low-limit reverse alarm	ON H OFF H ON ON SV PV 90°C 100°C 110°C High/Lower deviation: Set as 10°C	If deviation between PV and SV as high/low-limit is higher than set value of deviation temperature, the alarm output will be OFF.
A ō 5.□	Absolute value high limit alarm	OFF H ON OFF H ON OFF H ON OFF H ON SV PV 90°C 100°C 110°C Absolute-value Alarm: Set as 90°C Set as 110°C	If PV is higher than the absolute value, the output will be ON.
A ō 6.□	Absolute value low limit alarm	ON H OFF ON H OFF ON H OFF ON H OFF SV PV 90°C 100°C Absolute-value Alarm: Set as 90°C Set as 110°C	If PV is lower than the absolute value, the output will be ON.
56R.□	Sensor break Alarm		It will be ON when it detects sensor disconnection.
L Ь Я.□	Loop break Alarm	<u> </u>	It will be ON when it detects loop break.

※ H: Alarm output hysteresis [AHY5]

Alarm option

Mode	Name	Description
A⊼ □.A	Standard alarm	If it is an alarm condition, alarm output is ON. If it is a clear alarm condition, alarm output is OFF.
Añ □.b	Alarm latch	If it is an alarm condition, alarm output is ON and maintains ON status.
Av⊡'C	Standby sequence 1	First alarm condition is ignored and from second alarm condition, standard alarm operates. When power is supplied and it is an alarm condition, this first alarm condition is ignored and from the second alarm condition, standard alarm operates.
Aō □.d	Alarm latch and standby sequence 1	If it is an alarm condition, it operates both alarm latch and standby sequence. When power is supplied and it is an alarm condition, this first alarm condition is ignored and from the second alarm condition, alarm latch operates.
Rā □.E	Standby sequence 2	First alarm condition is ignored and from second alarm condition, standard alarm operates. When re-applied standby sequence and if it is alarm condition, alarm output does not turn ON. After clearing alarm condition, standard alarm operates.
Rā⊡.F	Alarm latch and standby sequence 2	Basic operation is same as alarm latch and standby sequence 1. It operates not only by power ON/OFF, but also alarm setting value, or alarm option changing. When re-applied standby sequence and if it is alarm condition, alarm output does not turn ON. After clearing alarm condition, alarm latch operates.

**Condition of re-applied standby sequence for standby sequence 1, alarm latch and standby sequence 1: Power ON Condition of re-applied standby sequence for standby sequence 2, alarm latch and standby sequence 2. Power ON, changing set temperature, alarm temperature [AL 1, AL 2] or alarm operation [AL - 1, AL - 2], switching STOP mode to RUN mode.

Sensor break alarm

The function that alarm output will be ON when sensor is not connected or when sensor's disconnection is detected during temperature controlling. You can check whether the sensor is connected with buzzer or other units using alarm output contact. It is selectable between standard alarm [56RR], or alarm latch [56R6].

(A) Photoelectric Sensors

(C) Door/Area Sensors

(D) Proximity Sensors

(I) SSRs / Power Controllers

(P) Switching Mode Power Supplies

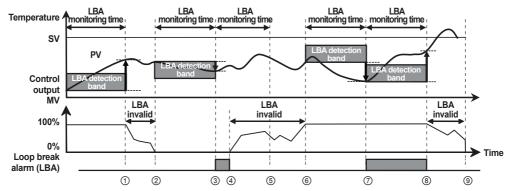
(Q) Stepper Motors & Drivers & Controllers

(R) Graphic/ Logic Panels

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O Loop break alarm (LBA)

It checks control loop and outputs alarm by temperature change of the subject. For heating control (cooling control), when control output MV is 100% (0% for cooling control) and PV is not increased over than LBAdetection band [L b Rb] during LBA monitoring time [L b Rb], or when control output MV is 0% (100% for cooling control) and PV is not decreased below than LBA detection band [L b Rb] during LBA monitoring time [L b Rb], alarm output turns ON.

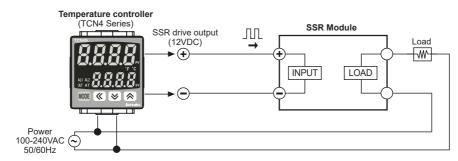


Start control to ①	When control output MV is 0% and PV is not decreased below than LBA detection band [L ь 紀ь] during LBA monitoring time [L ь ብታ]
① to ②	The status of changing control output MV (LBA monitoring time is reset.)
② to ③	When control output MV is 0% and PV is not decreased below than LBA detection band [L ь ᠷь] during LBA monitoring time [L ь ᠷ] loop break alarm (LBA) turns ON after LBA monitoring time.
3 to 4	Control output MV is 0% and loop break alarm (LBA) turns and maintains ON.
4 to 6	The status of changing control output MV (LBA monitoring time is reset.)
⑥ to ⑦	When control output MV is 100% and PV is not increased over than LBA detection band [ኒ ь ብድ] during LBA monitoring time [ኒ ь ብድ], loop break alarm (LBA) turns ON after LBA monitoring time.
⑦ to ⑧	When control output MV is 100% and PV is increased over than LBA detection band [Ł ৮ Զե] during LBA monitoring time [Ł ৮ Զե] loop break alarm (LBA) turns OFF after LBA monitoring time.
® to	The status of changing control output MV (LBA monitoring time is reset.)

When executing auto-tuning, LBA detection band [L bRb] and LBA monitoring time are automatically set based on auto tuning value. When AL1, AL2 alarm operation [RL - I, RL - 2] is set as loop break alarm (LBA) [L bR□], LBA detection band [L bRb] and LBA monitoring time [L bRb] parameter is displayed.

© SSR drive output function (SSRP function) [55 c.ñ.]

- SSRP function is selectable one of standard ON/OFF control, cycle control, phase control by utilizing standard SSR drive output.
- Realizing high accuracy and cost effective temperature control as linear output(cycle control and phase control).
- Select one of standard ON/OFF control [5½ nd], cycle control [5½ L], phase control [64£5] at [55 nd] parameter of parameter group 2. For cycle control, connect zero cross turn-on SSR or random turn-on SSR. For phase control, connect random turn-on SSR.



*When selecting phase or cycle control mode, the power supply for load and temperature controller must be the same.

**In case of selecting PID control type and phase [PHR5] / cycle [[4] control output modes, control cycle [4] is not allowed to set.

※For AC/DC power model (TCN4 □ -22R), this parameter is not displayed and it is available only standard control by relay or SSR.

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● Standard ON/OFF control mode [5tnd]

A mode to control the load in the same way as Relay output type.

(ON: output level 100%, OFF: output level 0%)

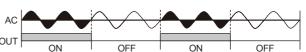
● Cycle control mode [[Ӌ[L]]

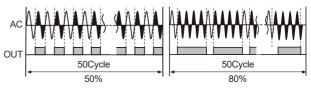
A mode to control the load by repeating output ON / OFF according to the rate of output within setting cycle. Having improved ON / OFF noise feature by Zero Cross type.

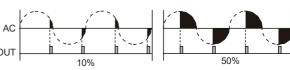
● Phase control mode [PHR5]

A mode to control the load by controlling the phase within AC half cycle. Serial control is available.

RANDOM Turn-on type SSR must be used for this mode.







- Auto tuning measures the control subject's thermal characteristics and thermal response rate, and then determines the necessary PID time constant. (When control type [[---nd]] is set as PI d, it is displayed.)
- If error [pPEn] occurs during auto tuning, it stops this
 operation automatically.
- To stop auto tuning, change the set as

 FF. (It maintains P, I, D values of before auto tuning.)

Controller itself does not have errors but there may be error by external input temperature sensor.

E.g.) If actual temperature is 80°C but controller displays 78°C, set input correction value [! n-b] as 002 and controller displays 80°C.

XAs the result of input correction, if current temperature
value (PV) is over each temperature range of input
sensor, it displays HHHH or L L L L.

© Input digital filter [⊼A⊔F]

If current temperature (PV) is fluctuating repeatedly by rapid change of input signal, it reflects to MV and stable control is impossible. Therefore, digital filter function stabilizes current temperature value.

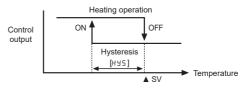
 For example, set input digital filter value as 0.4 sec, and it applies digital filter to input values during 0.4 sec and displays this values. Current temperature may be different by actual input value.

© SV High/Low limit [H-5□/L-5□]

- It sets SV high/low limit Limit range of using temperature within temperature range for each sensor, user can set/change set temperature (SV) within SV high limit [H-5u] to SV low limit [L-5u]. (※L-5u > H-5u cannot be set.)
- When changing input type [I n-L], SV high limit [H-5u] and SV low limit [L-5u] of using temperature will be initialized as max./min.value of sensor temperature range automatically.

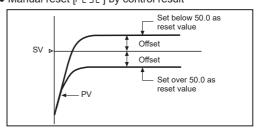
© Hysteresis [H⊌5]

- In case of ON/OFF control, set between ON and OFF intervals as hysteresis. (When control type [£ nd] is set as pnpF, it is displayed.)
- If hysteresis is too small, it may cause control output hunting (take off, chattering) by external noise, etc.



When selecting P/PD control mode, certain temperature difference exists even after PV reaches stable status because heater's rising and falling time is inconsistent due to thermal characteristics of controlled objects, such as heat capacity, heater capacity. This temperature difference is called offset and manual reset [r E5 L] function is to set/correct offset.

- When PV and SV are equal, reset value is 50.0%. After control is stable, PV is lower than SV, reset value is over 50.0% or PV is higher than SV, reset value is below 50.0%.
- Manual reset [- E5E] by control result



*Manual reset function is applicable only to P / PD control mode.

© Temperature unit selection [Un! ₺]

- A function to select display temperature unit.
- Unit display indicator will be ON when converting temperature unit.

(A) Photoelectric Sensors

(B) Fiber Optic Sensors

> (C) Door/Area Sensors

(D) Proximity Sensors

(E) Pressure Sensors

(F) Rotary

(G)
Connectors/
Connector Cables/
Sensor Distribution

(H) Temperature Controllers

(I) SSRs / Power Controllers

(J) Counters

(K) Timers

Panel Meters

(M) Tacho / Speed / Pulse Meters

> Display Units

(O) Sensor Controllers

(P) Switching Mode Power Supplies

(Q) Stepper Motors & Drivers & Controllers

(R) Graphic/ Logic Panels

Field Network Devices

> T) Software

Autonics H-69

○ Cool / Heat function [□-F+]

Generally there are two ways to control temperature, one (heat-function) is to heat when PV is getting down (heater). The other (cool-function) is to cool when PV is getting higher (freezer).

These functions are operating oppositely when it is ON/ OFF control or proportional control. But in this case PID time constant will be different due to PID time constant will be decided according to control system when it is PID control.

- Cool-function [[□□L]] and heat-function [HERL]] must be set correctly according to the application, if set as opposite function, it may cause a fire. (If set cool-function [[□□L]] at heater, it will be maintained ON and it may cause a fire.)
- Avoid changing heat-function to cool-function or coolfunction to heat-function when the unit is operating.
- It is impossible to operate both function at once in this unit. Therefore, only one function should be selected only.

© Control method selection [[-nd]

It is selectable PID, ON/OFF control.

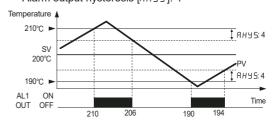
- In case of ON/OFF [DNDF] mode, Hysteresis [HH5] parameter is displayed.
- In case of PID [PI d] mode, Proportional band [P],
 Integral time [I], and Derivative time [L] parameters are displayed.

© Control output type selection [□ U Ł]

It is selectable output type ; relay output [$-L \, \exists$], SSR drive output [$55 \, r$].

It displays alarm output ON and OFF interval and hysteresis is applied to both AL1 OUT and AL2 OUT.

- ECRH, JI CH, LI CH, ECCH, -P-, 5P-, dPEH, CUSH: 1 to 100
- ・ビビRL、JI CL、LI CL、EECL、dPEL、CUSL: 0.1 to 50.0 E.g.) AL1 alarm operation [RL - I]: R市 3.R、 AL1 alarm operation [RL I]: 10°C、 Alarm output hysteresis [ЯНЧ5]: 4



© Control output MV when input sensor line is broken [E r.āu]

When input sensor line is broken or setting value error occurs, this function is to set control output. You can set ON/OFF setting for ON/OFF control, MV setting for PID control

© Digital input key (♥ + ♠ 3 sec) [d/ - 년]

Parameter		Operation						
OFF	oFF	oes not use digital input key function.						
RUN/STOP	5toP	Pauses control output. Auxiliary output (except loop break alarm, sensor break alarm)except Control output operates as setting. Hold the digital input keys for 3 sec to restart. I						
Clear alarm	AL.r.E	Clears alarm output by force. only when alarm option is alarm latch, or alarm latch and standby sequence 1/2 .) This function is applied when present value is out of alarm operation range but alarm output is ON. Alarm operates normally right after clearing alarm.						
Auto-tuning	ЯĿ	tarts/Stops auto-tuning. This function is same as auto-tuning[PE] of parameter group 1. (You can start auto- uning [PE] of parameter group 1 and stop it by digital input key.) This parameter PE appears only when control method [E - ād] parameter group 2 is set as PEd. When control method [E - ād] parameter group 2 is set as PED.						

A function to prevent changing SV and parameters of each setting group. Parameter setting values are still possible to check when parameter lock is set.

Display	Description
oFF	Lock off
Lo[I	Lock parameter group 2
Lo[2	Lock parameter group 1, 2
LoC3	Lock parameter group 1, 2, SV setting

© Error

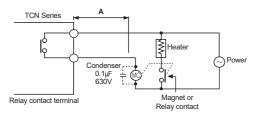
Display	Description	Troubleshooting
oPEn	Flashes if input sensor is disconnected or sensor is not connected.	Check input sensor state.
нннн	Flashes if measured sensor input is higher than temperature range.	When input is within the rated temperature range, this display disappears.
LLLL	Flashes if measured sensor input is lower than temperature range.	

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Output connections

Refer to page H-170 for output.

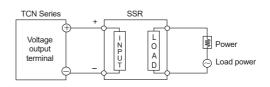
Application of relay output type



Keep A length as long as possible when wiring the temperature controller and the load. If wire length of A is short, counter electromotive force which occurs from a coil of magnet switch & power relay may flow in power line of the unit, and it may cause malfunction.

If wire length of A is short, please connect mylar condensers 104 (630V) on the both ends of "" (magnet coil) to protect electromotive force.

Application of SSR drive output method



XSSR should be selected by the capacity of load, otherwise, it may short-circuit and result in a fire. Indirect heated should be used with SSR for efficient working.

XPlease use a cooling plate or it may cause the capability deterioration, breakdown of SSR for a long usage.

**Refer to page H-69 for phase/cycle control connections.

(A) Photoelectric Sensors

(C) Door/Area Sensors

(D) Proximity

(F) Rotary Encoders

(G) Connectors/ Connector Cables/ Sensor Distribution Boxes/Sockets

(I) SSRs / Power Controllers

(M) Tacho / Speed / Pulse Meters

(N) Display Units

(O) Sensor Controllers

(P) Switching Mode Power Supplies

(Q) Stepper Motors

(R) Graphic/ Logic Panels

Proper Usage

◎ Simple "error" diagnosis

• When the load (Heater etc) is not operated

Please check operation of the OUT indicator located in front panel of the unit.

If the OUT indicator does not operate, please check the parameter of all programmed mode.

If indicator is operating, please check the output (Relay, SSR drive voltage) after separating output line from the

This is a warning that external sensor is open. Please turn off the power and check the wire state of the sensor. If sensor is not open disconnect sensor line from the unit and short the input +, - terminal. Turn on the power of the unit and check the controller displays room temperature.

If this unit cannot display room temperature, this unit is broken. Please remove this unit and contact our service center. (When the input mode is thermocouple, it is available to display room temperature.)

Cautions during use

- Follow instructions in 'Cautions during use'. Otherwise, It may cause unexpected accidents.
- Check the polarity of the terminals before wiring the temperature sensor.

For RTD temperature sensor, wire it as 3-wire type, using cables in same thickness and length. For thermocouple (CT) temperature sensor, use the

designated compensation wire for extending wire. Keep away from high voltage lines or power lines to

prevent inductive noise.

In case installing power line and input signal line closely, use line filter or varistor at power line and shielded wire at input signal line.

Do not use near the equipment which generates strong magnetic force or high frequency noise.

- Install a power switch or circuit breaker in the easily accessible place for supplying or disconnecting the power.
- Do not use the unit for other purpose (e.g. voltmeter, ammeter), but temperature controller.
- When changing the input sensor, turn off the power first before changing.

After changing the input sensor, modify the value of the corresponding parameter.

- 24VAC, 24-48VDC power supply should be insulated and limited voltage/current or Class 2, SELV power supply device.
- Make a required space around the unit for radiation of heat

For accurate temperature measurement, warm up the unit over 20 min after turning on the power.

- Make sure that power supply voltage reaches to the rated voltage within 2 sec after supplying power.
- Do not wire to terminals which are not used.
- This unit may be used in the following environments.

(in the environment condition rated in 'Specifications')

- ②Altitude max. 2,000m
- ③Pollution degree 2
- 4 Installation category II

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